

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. VII.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 9TH, 1886.

No. 10.

TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 5, 1886.

The British parliament will meet on the 21st inst.

Jackson, Riel's late secretary, is lecturing in St. Paul.

All the Winnipeg aldermen took their seats yesterday except alderman Campbell.

South Qu'Appelle council: Messrs. Ross, Wright, Goskell, Thomson, McLean, Craig and Cates.

Indian Head council: Messrs. Broley, Brummell, Brooks, Garrott, Partridge, Powell and Ralston.

Fort Qu'Appelle council: Messrs. Cruthers, Kavanagh, Blakley, Turner, Harley, Clarke and Hayward.

Moose Jaw council: Mayor, J. G. Gordon over H. McDougall by a majority of 19. Council, J. W. Bradshaw, E. Colpetts, Walsh and H. N. Rorison, defeating Jas. Porter and A. B. McKenzie by majorities of 3 and 4 respectively.

The Balkan conference at Constantinople has been abandoned, Russia refusing to guarantee the independence of the provinces of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia.

The St. George's club of London, England, gave a grand banquet to Sir John A. Macdonald. In his speech Sir John referred in terms of warm praise to the friendly relations at present existing between Canada, the United States and England. He defended French Canadians against the charges of disloyalty that had been made against them; saying that they were peaceable and orderly and averse to rabid democracy.

Lord Dufferin has announced in the Legislative council of India that he would elaborate a scheme for the government of Burma after he had paid a proposed visit to that country. A recent despatch from Rangoon says the situation is serious. Both Upper and lower Burma are now infested with Dacoits who are overrunning whole districts, particularly in Upper Burma. They have burned and pillaged a number of villages.

The local government measure to be laid before the British parliament by the ministry as drafted gives to Ireland a household franchise for electing county boards and a central council. A proposal that the crown should have the right to nominate part of the council was abandoned. The measure also provides that the county boards shall have control of the traffic in liquor and that the central council shall have a voice in appointing magistrates.

Mayors elected in Ontario on the 4th inst.: Toronto, W. H. Howland; Hamilton, Alderman McKay; London, Thos. D. Hodges; Kingston, W. Hiting; Guelph, Edward Stromson; Peterborough, James Stephenson; Stratford, C. J. Macgregor; Galt, Robert Scott; Barrie, Henry Sewey; St. Thomas, J. E. Smith; Cornwall, James Leitch; Sarnia, D. Poussett; Brantford, C. B. Heyd; Brockville, Geo. H. Weatherhead; Chatham, H. A. Patterson; Windsor, Major Beattie; Woodstock, Francis; Belleville, McInnech.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 7, 1886.

Earthquake felt yesterday in Devonshire, England.

Diphtheria is prevalent in Toronto and Montreal.

Petroleum has been discovered within six miles of Parkhill, Ont.

Riel's son is to be educated by Mr. Lemieux one of Riel's lawyers.

Three Europeans were massacred in Burma on the 6th inst. by Dacoits.

Dr. Ramsey of Orillia died yesterday of heart disease. He was a prominent Mason.

Alderman Robertson and family of Montreal were suffocated by coal gas on the night of Jan. 4th.

The officers of the 65th battalion desire the battalion raised to 500 men, and it is proposed to raise two additional French battalions of equal strength.

D. M. Ferry & Co's seed establishment in Detroit was burned on December 31st. Several lives and lost one million dollars worth of property destroyed.

CALGARY, Jan. 6, 1886.

The municipal elections rendered necessary by Judge Travis' unseating of the former council, took place yesterday. The disqualified councillors and two new councillors, both of whom are opposed to Travis, were elected by a majority of eighteen. The mayor was placed in a wagon and a procession of 200 citizens headed by the town band paraded the streets, cheering. The crowd stopped before Judge Travis' house and gave three groans for him. Shortly after the poll was opened the deputy sheriff served the returning officer with a notice from the judge ordering him not to place the names of the disqualified men upon the poll book. The re-

turning officer paid no attention to the notice. Cayley was arrested at noon to-day and taken to the barracks to put in his sentence for contempt of court. Mayor Murdoch refuses to pay his fine and his arrest is momentarily expected. A petition is being got ready to send to Ottawa to-morrow, demanding a commission to investigate Judge Travis' action.

LOCAL.

THE close season for deer begins Feb. 1st. WHERE is the man who prophesied a mild winter?

Telegraph line went down on Thursday night east of Elenor.

F. PROVOST returned from a trading trip to Lac la Biche this week.

E. CAVERHILL is working a coal seam on J. McKernan's claim, south side.

MR. WALSH, fur buyer, left for Calgary on Wednesday evening with M. McKinnon.

THE deer hunters returned last week, unsuccessful. They saw tracks but no deer.

M. GROUT mines the coal required for his own use on his own claim on the west side.

THE public school was not opened this week as expected, and it is not known when it will be opened.

THE rumor that the police are to be removed from Calgary to Gleichen has assumed definite shape.

BALL at Ft. Saskatchewan on New Year's night, given by the police. A very pleasant and successful affair.

THE amended school ordinance raises the limit of taxation for school purposes from half a cent to a cent on the dollar.

THE Presbyterian Indian mission school on Stoney Plain was opened on Monday last with an attendance of seventeen pupils.

F. A. OSBORNE and W. Fielders have been awarded the contract of carrying the mail between Edmonton and St. Albert.

A MIST overspreading the country on Thursday morning last gave notice that the thermometer was hovering in the neighborhood of 50 below.

MAIL arrived Tuesday evening and left Friday morning, P. Campbell driver. No passengers. The matter which missed connection last week arrived by it.

YESTERDAY was the pay day of the police at the Fort. Payment was made in cash instead of cheques as used to be the practice. The present method is much preferable.

NOW that a police patrol has been established in town it would be a great convenience to the men on duty and increase the efficiency of the service if a police station were provided.

IT is during weather such as we have been enjoying (?) during the present week that people realize the benefit of living in a timber sheltered country with the best of coal delivered at \$3.75 a ton.

W. FIELDERS and Jas. Ross left for Calgary on Monday. The former took a four-horse team load of fur which he managed to upset when going down to the river. The latter goes on a visit to Toronto.

THE Evening Journal is the name of a new daily paper published in Ottawa by A. S. Woodburn. It has a most creditable appearance, is independent in politics, and is in every way worthy of success.

THE H.B.Co. have not yet decided whether to replace their mill or not; but the probability is that they will not. If they do not they will probably utilize their limit by means of a portable saw mill in the limit.

MAIL will arrive from the south on Monday evening until further notice and will close Wednesday evening, leaving for Calgary on Thursday morning. The change is made to meet the altered train service on the C. P. R.

J. FAVEL, pilot, reports that the H. B. Co. Athabasca steamer Grahame had a very successful season. The greater part of the freight lost by the wreck of a scow in the Athabasca was recovered, but the boiler sections could not be found.

COL. GUINET, of the 65th, who so successfully held down the fort and sat on the Edmonton home guard during General Strange's campaign at Pitt, has been awarded a confederation medal no doubt in consideration of these distinguished services. Capt. Labranche, drill instructor of the battalion, who furnished the pluck, brains and experience to carry the active wing of the battalion creditably through the campaign, has received no recognition of his services, or even bare pay. In Canada good service must be its own reward.

ON Thursday morning the barometer reading was 27.300, the highest ever recorded at this station.

JOS. MACDONALD has gone to Calgary for steamboat machinery to replace that lost in the Athabasca river last summer by the H.B.Co.

E. BURNS arrived from Calgary on Friday evening with a train of Ad. McPherson's wagon's and carts loaded for Norris & Carey and others.

RUMORED that Moore & Macdowell have the contract of erecting police barracks here next spring and that they will work their timber limit at the White Mud for the necessary lumber. If this is the case it is hardly fair to local builders.

THERE is an impression abroad that it would be exceedingly advantageous to the country and government to have the half-breed scrip business settled satisfactorily before spring opens and the noble reds have a chance to spread themselves.

THE registrar has not yet received instructions to open his office for business. As every one is doubtless aware the effect of registration ordinarily is to give priority of title according to the date of registration instead of the date of the instrument registered. That is, if two documents relating to one piece of land are drawn up at different dates and the one last drawn up is registered first it takes precedence over the one first drawn up. If as soon as the office is opened this rule is followed grave injustice will almost unavoidably be done in some cases. It would be well to allow for some weeks after the office is opened the registration of documents according to priority of date, and only adopting the rule in regard to priority of registration after every opportunity has been given original holders to make themselves safe.

THE series of resolutions passed by the North-West Council at its late session and published in this issue of the BULLETIN are probably those which the delegation appointed by the council are expected to press upon the attention of the Ottawa authorities. They are chiefly a repetition of the resolutions passed at the two former sessions of the council and embrace most of the points in dispute between the people of the North-West and the Ottawa government. It is to be regretted that a request to have the hay tax removed was not included, as also to have price of pre-emptions reduced to \$1 an acre. The country is to be congratulated that none of the resolutions even hint that a lessening of the restrictions on the liquor traffic would be desirable. Indeed if the reports of the council proceedings received are reliable the subject was not even mentioned during the session, an improvement over the two preceding sessions at which every attempt was made to make capital out of the advocacy of the whiskey interest.

A MEETING of the Edmonton literary society for the election of officers for the ensuing year was held in the school house on Thursday evening, M. McCauley in the chair. The attendance was not large. An adjournment to A. Taylor's residence was made. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted. The treasurer's report, showing the society to be in a solvent condition, was also read and adopted. The election of officers was then proceeded with, resulting in A. Taylor being elected president. R. Strachan vice-president, R. Secord secretary, J. A. McDougall treasurer and Rev. Messrs. Baird and Howard and M. McCauley councillors, with out opposition. A vote of thanks to the retiring officers was passed. A meeting of the committee is to be held on Thursday evening the 14th inst. to revise the constitution and prepare a literary programme for the next regular meeting, Thursday the 21st inst. at 7:30 p.m. On motion of Rev. Mr. Baird it was agreed that a general discussion should be had regarding the means of preventing injury to crops by summer frosts instead of a debate on the next meeting night, the discussion to be opened by the reading of an essay by the mover. Meeting then adjourned.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BUFFALO ROBE FOUND.—Apply at this office.

KELLY'S RESTAURANT.—In rear of saloon. Meals at all hours. Best table in town.

BACON.—Douglas Petrie is now curing and will shortly have for sale a quantity of Spiced Roil Bacon and Hams, superior to anything yet offered in Edmonton. Having been careful to select only first-class Berkshire pork I guarantee satisfaction.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. WILSON, Dentist, Calgary, Steph Avenue, two doors east of Skathi Rink.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta.

C. DE LAGORGENDIERE, Notary Public and Conveyancer; accounts collected St. Albert, N. W. T. 42-y

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

DR. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon Office first building west of school house block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

HOTELS.

GERALDHOUSE, Calgary, opposite C.P. depot—first-class accommodation—hear quarters for Edmonton travelers. A. R. GERALD formerly of Farmers' House, Winnipeg, Proprietor.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and in expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL, the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to the establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the traveling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLE. M. McCAULEY.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash EDMUND LYONS.

FURNITURE.—Bed Steads, Sideboards, Washstands, Cupboards, Chairs, etc. Large stock, extra quality. To be sold of cheap for cash, to make room for new stock X. ST. JEAN.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

SANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horseshoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st Edmonton.

NOTICE.—The Book-Debts of John Sinclair and of the late firm of John Sinclair & Co. have been handed to the undersigned for collection. Parties interested will please take notice and pay up. W. S. ROBERTSON.

G. A. BLAKE, Licensed Auctioneer. All auction business attended to promptly. Best values always realized. Terms moderate. Parties desiring to dispose of Real estate, live stock, or any other property will find it to their advantage to communicate with the above.

AGENCIES.

Massey Manufacturing company. Maker of the Toronto cord binder, the Toronto mower, Massey mower and harvester and Sharp's horse rake.

Sole agent for the Edmonton district, G. A. BLAKE, Belmont farm.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two dollars per annum. Advertising rates—standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. **FRANK OLIVER**, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, JAN. 9, 1886

JUDGE TRAVIS.

The Calgary circus still goes on and the last act—the unseating, disqualifying and dning of the precious town councillors—is not the least or the one that will do the least good. The experience at Edmonton in the school voting and North-West Council election was by no means singular. In Calgary and Prince Albert the same means to secure a verdict of the free and independent in municipal affairs were systematically resorted to, and unless a halt had been called the holding of an election of any kind in the North-West would have been a simple farce. The action of Judge Travis will teach all parties that the election laws have not been passed merely to furnish amusement to those who do not care to be bound by them.

It is certain, however, that this action of the judge, although strictly legal and so manifestly in the interest of all good citizens will increase the cry that certain parties and classes have seen fit to raise against him in the hope of securing his removal. For it is now apparent if it never was before that so long as Judge Travis holds his position so long the law will be upheld in letter and spirit, and that the only means of securing the peculiar brand of law which is desired by those who hold it to be chiefly provided for the defeat of justice is to secure the removal of Judge Travis and his replacement by a fool rather than a judge.

Judge Travis' offences against the element which sets itself up as representative of the people of Alberta have been many and serious. It is not to be supposed that his punishment of disorderly characters is the sole reason of the outcry that is being raised against him. When criminals meet their deserts is not the usual time for the actions and motives of judges to be assailed; and although perhaps in this wild west criminals and those who make them come more closely in contact than elsewhere, the reason for men holding responsible positions from and before the public working themselves into an insane passion over ruffians being sent to jail must be looked for in something more than mere sympathy. If the two men who are now undergoing imprisonment for the assault on Sharples had nothing but the merits of their own case to recommend them to the public notice it is more than likely that nothing would have been heard of them after sentence was passed, and the same applies to councillor Clarke. But there was a very important decision rendered by Judge Travis before either of these about which nothing is now said, and which the BULLETIN ventures to guess is a leading reason for the excitement that is being worked up against him, and accounts for the presence in the ranks of his opponents of many of those whose interests otherwise would lead them to support him. This decision was the one given against the North-West land company and other purchasers of C.P.R. lands who desired to get out of paying their proper share of the taxes of the town on the strength of the C.P.R. exemption. It is possible that with a more pliant judge on the bench means might have been found to get out of this payment, but with Judge Travis there was no escape. It was necessary either to pay taxes or get rid of the judge. This is the secret of the widespread sympathy with the men who assaulted Sharples and with councillor Clarke, and is the cause of Messrs. Davis and Cayley having reason to regret that they allowed themselves to be made the cats-paws of an unscrupulous gang, who have gone so far as to threaten murder of the man who in the name of justice and to the honor of his office dares to discharge his duties and defy them.

If Judge Travis was wrong in his decisions there should be no great difficulty in the legal lights, of whom Calgary has such a number and who sympathize so deeply with his "victims," securing his impeachment and removal in proper form. There would be no necessity for getting up buncombe indigna-

tion meetings, circulating lying reports, using insulting language or making threats of personal violence. The fact that such means are used shows that none know better than those who are pulling the wires of all this agitation that the decisions have been perfectly right and that there is no hope either of having Judge Travis removed by proper means or of securing a change of his attitude in support of the law. The hope evidently is to raise so much dust as will blind the eyes of the public to the true issues involved and so unjustly prejudice the public mind against him as to impair his usefulness by destroying that confidence in the justice of his decisions which is the most necessary attribute of a judge, and at the same time show those who appointed him that the appointment is likely to do them political injury, in the hope that it will induce his removal. Was ever a judge called upon to defend himself against a more dastardly method of attack?

Circumstances and inclination have combined to constitute Judge Travis the champion of law and order in this part of the North-West against a combination of the two classes to whom the righteous administration of the law is inimical—those who desire to prostitute it to their own purposes, and those who wish to escape the restrictions and penalties which it imposes. At the same time the very fact that he is attacked by both these classes is proof positive that he is the man whom those who look to the law for protection and redress are interested in having remain in the judicial office. Judge Travis' dismissal or removal at the present time would be a triumph for the disorderly element which law abiding citizens could ill afford and would go far towards reducing the Canadian North-West to the level of the Western States in observance of the law. But if on the other hand his action is upheld it will do much to clear the moral atmosphere in Alberta and create confidence in the justice of our courts which heretofore has not been too strong.

LOST.—Came on the premises of the subscriber in November last a cow and calf. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take away. **H. GOODRIDGE.**

NOTICE.—The Grist Mill of the undersigned will be shut down for three weeks from this date—December 26th, 1885—to allow of necessary improvements and repairs being made. **D. R. FRASER & CO.**

LOST.—About the first of August a large yearling Steer, will be two years old in spring, dark brown color, no brand. Finder is requested to leave information as to whereabouts at BULLETIN office or return to the undersigned. **T. G. HUTCHINGS.**

LOST.—Followed the subscriber from Beaver lake to Victoria about November 23rd a good sized native horse, light pinto, thin, branded "D.L." on left hip, with an indistinct brand on same hip. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses, and take the animal away. **GEO. SPENCE, Victoria.**

LOST.—Came on the premises of the subscriber at Cut Bank lake in May last a white bull one year old. Indistinct brand on left hip. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take him away. **R. KELLY.**

PERSONS having lots for sale in the village of Edmonton suitable for an English church and parsonage may communicate with the Rev. Canon Newton. Preference would be given to lots somewhere near the Hardisty avenue.

NOTICE.—The Book-Debts of John Sinclair and of the late firm of John Sinclair & Co. have been handed to the undersigned for collection. Parties interested will please take notice and pay up. **W. S. ROBERTSON.**

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

The undersigned has removed his law office to the back portion of the "Big Hotel," one door east of A. Macdonald & Coy's store. Edmonton, 27th November, 1885.

GEO. A. WATSON,
Barrister.

AGENCIES.

Massey Manufacturing company. Makers of the Toronto cord binder, the Toronto mower, Massey mower and harvester and Sharp's horse rake.

Sole agent for the Edmonton district,
G. A. BLAKE,
Belmont farm.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Friday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Tuesday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Tuesday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Friday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Tuesday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. **LEESON & SCOTT,** mail contractors, Calgary.

WATCHMAKERS.

Leave your Watches with

W. L. WOOD, ESQ.,

At the Hudson's Bay store, where they will be forwarded to McIntyre & Davidson for Repairs.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

MCINTYRE & DAVIDSON.

ROSS BROS.

STOVES & TINWARE.

COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVES,

NEW JEWEL BASE BURNERS,

GLOBE HEATERS,

BOX STOVES,

GRANITE IRON-WARE,

PRESSED TINWARE,

LAMPS,

HARDWARE,

CANADIAN & AMERICAN COAL OIL.

More goods to arrive shortly.

BROWN & CURRY

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Beg to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North-West.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTEND WITH

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN

ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & CURRY

NORRIS & CAREY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

EDMONTON.

Beg to inform their customers that they

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A

LARGE STOCK

Of General Merchandise.

MORE TO ARRIVE

In a few days, which will be sold at

BOTTOM FIGURES, FOR CASH ONLY.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

NORRIS & CAREY,

St. Albert Road.

LOOK OUT FOR

A. MACDONALD & CO.

(They are now

PREPARED TO DO THE THING FINE

VERY FINE—

IN THE

GROCERY,

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE, AND

BOOT & SHOE

LINE.

A FIRST CLASS STOCK SELECTED PERSONALLY

By one of the firm, who has just returned from the market.

CUSTOMERS WILL BE ASTONISHED

At our quotations.

CALL AND SEE IMMEDIATELY.

Butter, Eggs, Pork and Flour taken in exchange for goods.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

RESOLUTIONS

Passed by the North-West Council at its late session for presentation to the federal government.

1. That power should be given the North-West Council to incorporate companies having purely territorial objects.

2. That all old established trails should be at once surveyed by the government and afterwards vested in the North-West Council.

3. That this council is informed that there are yet many old settlers' claims unsettled, principally in the Prince Albert and Edmonton districts, and urgently recommend that immediate steps be taken to determine such matters, and that in the settlement of claims the possessory rights of squatters to land, as regards extent of claims, as recognized by the custom of the country prior to the passing of the Dominion lands act of 1879, and the right to transfer such claims, should be recognized.

4. That notwithstanding the repeated assertions to the contrary, the freight rates imposed by the Canadian Pacific railway are yet found to be a severe tax upon the resources of the North-West. This council therefore respectfully suggests that the influence of the government should be used to induce the Canadian Pacific railway company to reduce their rates, so as to compare favorably with rates in other provinces of the Dominion, who have the advantage of railway competition; also that exceptionally favorable rates should be given on lumber coming into the territories from British Columbia.

5. That no charge be made for any wood used for fuel purposes by bona fide settlers and not cut for sale; and that each homesteader be allowed 4,000 lineal feet of building timber on free permit.

6. That the improvement heretofore suggested by the North-West Council of the navigation of the North Saskatchewan river should receive the further and favorable consideration of the government, in order that the settlements of the northern part of this country, far removed from the benefits of the Canadian Pacific railway, might advantage by the natural highway, as an outlet for the products of the country.

7. That the rights of habeas corpus be granted to the North-West Territories.

8. That all lands cancelled for any cause should be thrown open for free homesteading on ordinary homestead conditions, and not held for purposes of sale.

9. That owing to the great expense now attending appeals to the court of Queen's Bench of Manitoba, and the rapid settlement of the country, and increase of litigation in the Territories, this council recommends the establishment of a territorial court of appeal for the North-West Territories.

10. That this council recommends to the favorable consideration of the government a certain petition, a copy of which is heretofore annexed, adopted at a public meeting at Edmonton, June 30th, 1884, asking that a trail be constructed from that point into the Peace river country.

11. This council respectfully submits that in the interest of Canada as a whole, as well as the North-West Territories, that the people of the territories should be represented in the senate and House of Commons of Canada; and in the subdivision of the country for representative purposes that reference should be had as well to territorial area as to population.

12. That the Torrens system introduced into parliament last session should be made applicable to the territories at once; and so soon as the system becomes law all titles to land should come under its operation, so as to avoid two systems of registration being in operation at the same time.

13. That settlers who have entered for a homestead and pre-emption, and who are now or may hereafter be entitled to a patent for their homestead quarter-section, be allowed to enter their pre-emption as a second homestead, on condition of an additional three years homestead duties on their former homestead quarter-section, and cultivation duties on present pre-emption or homestead as circumstances will permit.

14. That all settlers who have been in any way engaged in the service of the government or in the transport service during and in connection with the late rebellion, be allowed the time so engaged to count as actual residence on their homesteads.

15. That the Dominion government should encourage the building of branch lines of railways, particularly those running north and south through the territories; such lines would not only enable those settlements now far removed from the Canadian Pacific railway to reap the advantages hoped to be derived from the completion of that national work, but would as well open for settlement some of the finest areas of land in the territories. That such encouragement, if at all practicable should be by cash subsidy or guarantee by the government of the bonds of the companies constructing such lines, thus preserving the public land for purposes of settlement.

16. That the benefits derived from the national policy to the older provinces of the Dominion do not apply to the North-West territories as regards agricultural implements

and lumber; and it being necessary to the future development of the country that every encouragement should be extended to the agricultural interests of the North-West, this council recommends that a rebate should be given equal to the duty now imposed on agricultural implements and lumber.

17. That the fact of the odd-numbered sections of land being principally held by companies and individuals for speculative purposes, and in most instances such lands, particularly in the Canadian Pacific railway belt, being exempt from taxation, is a bar to settlement and progress. This council recommends that immediate steps should be taken by the Dominion government towards acquiring the odd numbered sections and opening them for homesteading purposes.

18. That the monies voted by parliament for expenses of government in the North-West territories, including printing, roads, bridges, ferries, aid to schools, etc., should be vested in the North-West council as representatives of the people.

19. That it is of the utmost importance to the North-West territories that the Hudson's Bay railway may be constructed as rapidly as possible, if the scheme is found practicable. That the success of the North-West very largely depends on the agricultural industries of the country; and the cost of transport now, and as we fear must be in the future, is a very severe tax on the industries of the North-West in consequence of its great distance from European markets. This council is of opinion that the most liberal encouragement should be extended to the scheme by the government of Canada.

20. That notwithstanding the settlement of a very large number of claims amongst the half breeds and the very satisfactory manner in which the commissioners appointed for that purpose performed their work, so far as the time occupied by them would permit, there yet remains a very large number of half breeds who are entitled to a recognition of their claims, we cannot impress too strongly upon the Dominion government the desirability of settling all half breed claims without delay, and would strongly urge the appointment of a commission to continue its work until thoroughly completed.

WHIP FOUND. Apply at this office.

HAY FOR SALE IN THE STACK.—Up-land. First-class quality. Come before it is all gone. W. J. GRAHAM.

CHARCOAL.—250 bushels—For sale at the pit at Long Lake at 25 cts. a bushel, or 30 cts. a bushel delivered at Edmonton. JOHN LENNIE.

LOST.—From our band in October last a *bleu* foal, year-and-half old, no brand. Finder is requested to leave word as to whereabouts at BULLETIN office or return to the undersigned. LAMOREUX BROS.

W. R. ROBERTS,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

Has on hand

WATCHES,

JEWELLRY,

SPECTACLES,

SNOW GLASSES,

WEDDING & OTHER RINGS

Gold and Silver Bought and Repairing done at reasonable prices.

Room in Jasper House—the Brick Hotel.

NOTICE re CANCELLATION OF COMMISSIONS OF J. F'S.

Public notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, all and every appointment heretofore made of Justices of the Peace in and for the North-West Territories, will be cancelled on the first day of January next, except of such Justices of the Peace as on the said date may be residing in those parts of the territories lying north of the provisional districts of Saskatchewan and Alberta; and unless notified of their re-appointment all persons holding a commission of the peace, except as aforesaid, are warned against exercising any of the duties of Justices of the Peace from and after the said first day of January, 1885.

Regina, 5th December, 1885.

By Command,

A. E. FORGET,

Clerk of Council.

CHURCHES.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Hours of Sunday service: All-Saints 11 a.m., St. Michael's 6.30 p.m. W.N.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10 a.m. every Sunday, Sermon in English and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA. J. H. Howard, Pastor. Hours of service, 11 a.m. and 7.00 p.m. Sabbath school, 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and lecture, Wednesday evening at 7 p.m.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Pastor, the Rev. Andrew B. Baird, M. A., B. D. Sabbath services at Edmonton, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School at 2.30 p.m. Belmont: October 18, November 1, 15, 29, December 13, 27. Sturgeon: Nov. 8, Dec. 6. Clover Bar: October 25, Nov. 22, Dec. 20. Fort Saskatchewan, Oct. 18, Nov. 15, Dec. 13. No morning service at Edmonton on the days on which service is held at Fort Saskatchewan.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. WILSON, Dentist, Calgary, Stephen Avenue, two doors east of Skating Rink.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta.

C. DE LAGORGENDIERE, Notary Public and Conveyancer; accounts collected. St. Albert, N. W. T. 42-y

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

D. R. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

HOTELS.

GERALD HOUSE, Calgary, opposite C.P.R. depot—first-class accommodation—head-quarters for Edmonton travelers. A. R. Gerald, formerly of Farmers' House, Winnipeg, Proprietor.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL, the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLE. M. McCAULEY.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horseshoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

FURNITURE.—Bed Steads, Sideboards, Washstands, Cupboards, Chairs, etc. A large stock, extra quality. To be sold off cheap for cash, to make room for new stock. X. ST. JEAN.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

SANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horseshoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.

G. A. BLAKE, Licensed Auctioneer. All auction business attended to promptly. Best values always realized. Terms moderate. Parties desiring to dispose of Real estate, live stock, or any other property, will find it to their advantage to communicate with the above.



CANADA.

By the Right Honorable Sir JOHN ALEXANDER MACDONALD, G. C. B., Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

To all to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING.

WHEREAS it is in and by the act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-seventh year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter twenty-seven and intitled "An Act further to amend the Indian Act, 1880," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs may, when he considers it in the public interest to do so, prohibit by public notice to that effect, the sale, gift or disposal, to any Indian in the Province of Manitoba or in any part thereof, or in the North-West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge; and every person who after such notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent General, sells or gives, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the section of country thus prohibited any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, shall incur a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than six months, or to both fine and imprisonment, within the limits aforesaid, at the discretion of the Court before which the conviction is had:

Now Know Ye that I, the said Right Honorable Sir John Alexander Macdonald, Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, considering it to be in the public interest so to do, do hereby give public notice that the sale, gift or other disposal to any Indian in the North-West Territories of Canada or in any part thereof of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge is hereby prohibited, and that every person who, after this notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs for the time being, sells or gives away, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the North-West territories of Canada, or in any part thereof, any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, will incur the penalties provided by the said act.

IN WITNESS whereof, I have hereunto subscribed these presents at my office, in the city of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of August, A. D. 1885.

JOHN A. MACDONALD,
Superintendent-General, Indian Affairs.

NOTICE.



Claims of Half-Breeds and Original White Settlers. Province of Manitoba.

WHEREAS, since the completion of the allotment of the 1,400,000 acres of land set apart under the Manitoba Act to extinguish the Indian title of the Children of the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the Province of Manitoba, on the 15th July 1870, a large number of additional claimants have come and some are still coming forward with the evidence necessary to prove that they are children of Half-Breed heads of families and were residents in the province of Manitoba at the date mentioned.

And Whereas, the 1,400,000 acres set apart under the Manitoba Act as aforesaid have been exhausted by such allotment, and by Order in Council, dated the 20th of April, 1885 it has been decided to extinguish such additional claims known as "Supplementary Claims," by an issue of \$240.00 in scrip to each Half-Breed child entitled.

And Whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the said Province on the date mentioned, and the "Original White Settlers," and the children of such settlers, as defined in the said Act, are each entitled to receive scrip to the extent of \$160.00.

And Whereas, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council has deemed it expedient to limit the time within which all claims of the nature above specified may be presented; therefore

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the authority contained in the Order in Council above mentioned, bearing date the 20th April, 1885, all claims under and by virtue of the provisions of the said Order in Council, and the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, to "Half-Breed" and "Original White settlers" scrip that are not filed on or before the 1st day of May, 1886, with the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, together with the necessary proof thereof, shall cease and determine.

By Order, A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, May 22nd, 1886.

RESOLUTIONS

Passed by the North-West Council at its late session for presentation to the federal government.

21. That claims for compensation from the government for loss sustained during the late rebellion should in the opinion of this council be promptly settled by the government, it being within our knowledge that great inconvenience and hardship is now being undergone by some who have lost heavily in consequence of the outbreak. This council would recommend in this connection that most searching and rigorous enquiry be had as to the nature of claims, so that any who were a party to their own loss may not receive the same consideration as those who were loyal to the government. Also that goods and supplies furnished to troops in good faith by settlers and merchants should be paid for.

22. That where stock is kept by a homesteader some rule should be adopted and made a part of the land regulations so that the stock of a homesteader over a fixed number might be allowed to count as cultivation duties in whole or in part; and that encouragement should be given to tree planting in prairie sections of the country and to count also as cultivation duties.

23. That this council respectfully intimates that in their opinion it would be most satisfactory to the people of these territories were the government in future to fill appointments to positions of trust and emolument from amongst the residents of these territories.

24. That owing to the unexpectedly rapid development of the agricultural resources of the territories and to the erection of gristing mills at several points, as well as the extent of the cattle industry of the North-West, this council recommends, both in the interests of the government and the settler, that in the future all food supplies both for the North-West Mounted Police and for the Indians be purchased in the territories. We are aware that the issue of beef to Indians instead of American pork would be more satisfactory to all the tribes. We would suggest that contracts be called for in smaller quantities, the security deposit not to exceed five per cent., and without the official routine which has attended the letting of contracts heretofore. In this manner we believe the settler will be helped and the government will receive a cheaper and a better article.

25. That the position of several town sites in the territories in which the crown is interested proves from year to year more unsatisfactory owing to the impossibility of collecting taxes from unsold lots therein, which are increased in value owing to the expenditure of taxes paid by the residents of such towns, the crown thereby being benefitted without sharing any of the burdens of taxation. And as great difficulties are met with in establishing and sustaining schools and municipal organization in such town sites, in the opinion of this council it is advisable that the government should at once dispose of their interests in such town sites so that the same may be made available for taxation.

26. Whereas representations have been made to this council by the elected members of Prince Albert, Saint Albert and Edmonton that certain colonization companies in and near their electoral districts, namely: The Prince Albert colonization company and the Edmonton and Saskatchewan Land and colonization company have not complied with their agreements, the effect of which is that large blocks of land are locked up from settlement and the progress of these districts materially retarded; Therefore this council requests that immediate steps be taken to have these companies inspected, and if it is found that such representations are correct, to insist upon such companies carrying out their agreements entered into with the government or the cancellation of their grants.

27. That this council has learned with satisfaction that it is the intention of the government to distribute medals to the volunteers who were engaged in suppressing the late rebellion. We would beg to recommend that a like recognition of the valuable services rendered by the North-West Mounted Police and the Prince Albert and Battleford special forces should be made. We believe that on every occasion where these forces had an opportunity they showed themselves of that material of which Canada is justly proud; also that services rendered by many loyal half breeds during the outbreak should be recognized by the government.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, January 8th, 1886. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max	Min.
Saturday,	31	-11
Sunday,	4	-11
Monday,	-17	-20
Tuesday,	-20	-26
Wednesday,	-19	-37
Thursday,	-28	-52
Friday,	-8	-8

Barometer falling, 27.950

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE

making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Friday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Tuesday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Tuesday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Friday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Tuesday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

WATCHMAKERS.

Leave your Watches with

W. L. WOOD, ESQ.,

At the Hudson's Bay store, where they will be forwarded to McIntyre & Davidson for Repairs.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

MCINTYRE & DAVIDSON.

ROSS BROS.

STOVES & TINWARE.

COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVES,

NEW JEWEL BASE BURNERS,

GLOBE HEATERS,

BOX STOVES,

GRANITE IRON-WARE,

PRESSED TINWARE,

LAMPS,

HARDWARE,

CANADIAN & AMERICAN COAL OIL.

More goods to arrive shortly.

BROWN & CURRY

GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Beg to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North-West.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTEND WITH

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN

ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & CURRY

NORRIS & CAREY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

EDMONTON.

Beg to inform their customers that they

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

LARGE STOCK

Of General Merchandise.

MORE TO ARRIVE

In a few days, which will be sold at

BOTTOM FIGURES, FOR CASH ONLY.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

NORRIS & CAREY,

St. Albert Road.

LOOK OUT FOR

A. MACDONALD & CO.

(They are now

PREPARED TO DO THE THING FINE

VERY FINE—

IN THE

GROCERY,

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE, AND

BOOT & SHOE

LINES.

A FIRST CLASS STOCK SELECTED PERSONALLY

By one of the firm, who has just returned from the market.

CUSTOMERS WILL BE ASTONISHED

At our quotations.

CALL AND SEE IMMEDIATELY.

Butter, Eggs, Pork and Flour taken in exchange for goods.

A. MACDONALD & CO.



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Department of the Interior,
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